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## ELECTROPHILIC FLUORINATING AGENTS OF THE N-F CLASS

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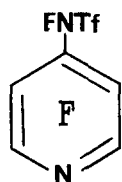
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Electrophilic fluorinating agents of the N-fluorosulphonamide, N-fluoroquinuclidinium, and perfluoro-N-fluoroamine classes (e.g. 1, 2, and 3 respectively) have been subjected to investigation.

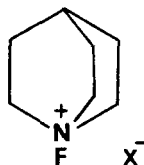
Perfluoro-[N-fluoro-N-(4-pyridyl)methanesulphonamide] (1) synthesised via direct fluorination of the sodium salt 4-(CF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NNa)-C<sub>5</sub>F<sub>4</sub>N, efficiently converts benzene to fluorobenzene at 60 °C and anisole at 20 °C to *o*-/*p*-fluoroanisole.

Several N-fluoroquinuclidinium salts (2, X<sup>-</sup> = F<sup>-</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, BF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>) have been synthesised, and their efficiencies for the fluorination of carbanion sources compared. Salts other than the fluoride are non-hygroscopic and therefore much easier to handle.

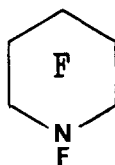
New fluorinations, e.g. PhSO<sub>2</sub>Na → PhSO<sub>2</sub>F, involving perfluoro-N-fluoropiperidine (3) will be reported.



(1)



(2)



(3)